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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/630,655	07/31/2003	Alan Leslie Cripps	CRIP3001C2/REF	9488
23364 75	590 07/17/2006		EXAMINER	
BACON & THOMAS, PLLC			HAGHIGHATIAN, MINA	
625 SLATERS LANE FOURTH FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			1616	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s) CRIPPS ET AL. **Advisory Action** 10/630.655 Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief Examiner **Art Unit** Mina Haghighatian 1616

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 26 June 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires ____ months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL . A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on ___ of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: _____. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: __ Claim(s) rejected: _ Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 13. 🔲 Other: ___ SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER GROUP 1800

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the arguments are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the prior art references do not, individually or in combination, teach or suggest all the claimed limitations. Specifically, Applicant argues that the prior art does not teach an inhaler with an exit orifice of diamter 0.25mm or less. This is not persuasive because Weers reference teaches delivering the formulations with a metered dose inhaler and discloses that canister is fitted into a suitable channeling device, which comprises a valve actuator and a cylindrical or cone-shaped pssage through which medicament may be delivered from the filled cansiter via the metering valve, a mouthpiece actuator. It is also disclosed that the metered dose inhalers are designed to deliver a fixed unit dosage of medicament per actuation, for example, in the range of 10 to 5000 micrograms of bioactive agent per actuation (see col. 29, line 43 to col. 30, line 5). Although Weers does not expressly disclose an orifice of 0.25mm or less, it is disclosing that one of ordinary skill in the art would know what size orifice to choose in order to dispense the required amount and diameter of the particles. It is also known in the art that metered dose inhalers typically have an orifice of between 0.1 and 0.5mm. Thus choosing the suitable size of orifice does not encompass novelty and is not support for patentability. Applicant also argues that Davis and Weers are teaching different dosage forms (solutions and suspensions) and thus one would not be motivated to combine the said references. This is not persuasive because as mentioned in the previous response. Davis is teaching a solution of a steroidal active agent for aerosol delivery. Weers is brought in for its teachings of the other suiatble steroidal actives such as fluticasone and for its teachings of the specific device. Applicant argues that Otterbeck teaches a large amount of propylene glycol and also teaches its use as a solubilizer. This is not commensurate with the scope of claims because instant claims are product claims which use the open language of "comprising" and require 0.5 to 3% of a low volatility component (e.g. propylene glycol) AND a solubilizing agent. Thus it is considered that propylene glycol can meet both requirements. No claims are allowable.

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